



# (DP432) RNAPrep Pure Plant Kit

## ——Plant

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# Experiment Preparation

1. Plant tissue (10-20 mg); Mortar; Liquid nitrogen
2. Ethanol,  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol
3. Disposable sterile syringe (for DNase I preparation); Pipette and matched sterile RNase-Free tips (200  $\mu$ l , 1 ml); 1.5 ml and 2.0 ml centrifuge tubes (RNase-free)
4. Fume hood; Vortex oscillator; Dry bath; Refrigerated centrifuge



# Experiment Preparation - Kit Preparation 1

Please add 96-100% ethanol in Buffer RW before use according to the volume indicated on the label of the bottle, and label the tube.



## Preparation of DNase I storage solution

Dissolve the DNase I powder (1500 U) in 550  $\mu$ l RNase-Free ddH<sub>2</sub>O, gently mix well, and store in -20°C (for up to 9 months) after aliquoting.



**Note:** The thawed the DNase I storage solution from -20°C can be stored at 4 °C (for up to 6 weeks). Do not freeze again.

# Experiment Preparation - Kit Preparation 2

It is suggested to operate this step in the fume hood

Add  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol in Buffer RL to make 1% final concentration before operating. For example, add 10  $\mu$ l  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol to 1 ml Buffer RL. It is suggested to prepare the lysis buffer right before use. The prepared Buffer RL can be placed in 4°C for one month. Buffer RL may precipitate during storage. If precipitation occurs, please heat and dissolve before use.



# Step 1



Rapidly grind 50-100 mg plant leaves into powder in liquid nitrogen.

Add 450  $\mu$ l Buffer RL, mix well by vortex (please add  $\beta$ -mercaptoethanol before use).

**Optional** (Incubate at 56°C for 1-3 min)

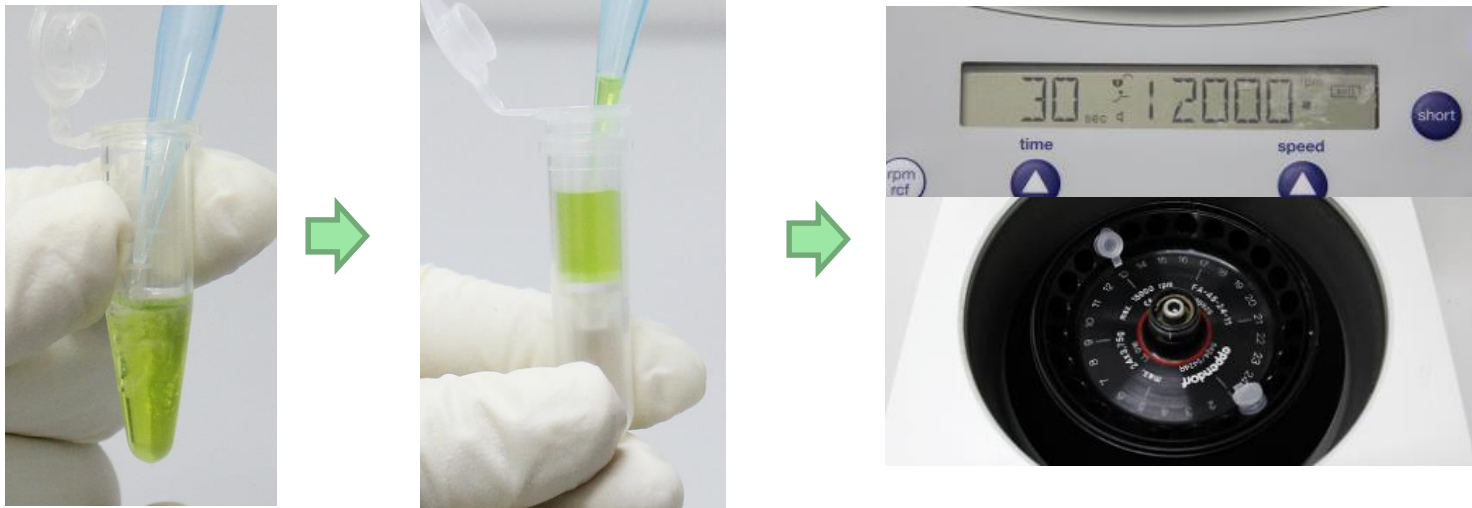
56 °C incubation for 1-3 min helps sample lysis, but for the samples that are rich in starch, heat treatment should be avoided to prevent the expansion phenomenon caused by starch samples).

## Step 2



Transfer all the solution to the Column CS (Place Column CS in a collection tube), centrifuge at 12,000 rpm (~13,400 g) for 2-5 min, and carefully transfer the supernatant from the collection tube into an RNase-free centrifuge tube. Be careful not to touch the cell debris in the collection tube while pipetting.

## Step 3



Slowly add ethanol (96-100%) with  $0.5 \times$  volume of supernatant ( $\sim 225 \mu\text{l}$ ), and mix well (precipitation may occur at this time). Transfer the solution and precipitate to a Spin Column CR3. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim 13,400 \times g$ ) for 30-60 sec, discard the waste liquid in the collection tube and put the Spin Column CR3 back into the collection tube.

## Step 4



Add 350  $\mu$ l Buffer RW1 to Spin Column CR3. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim$ 13,400  $\times$  g) for 30-60 sec, discard the waste liquid and place the Spin Column CR3 into the collection tube.



## Step 5



Preparation of DNase I working solution:

For 1 sample: Add 10  $\mu$ l of DNase I storage solution into a new RNase-free centrifuge tube, then add 70  $\mu$ l Buffer RDD and mix well gently (gently mix with a pipette).

For multiple samples extracted at the same time, please prepare the DNase I working solution together. It is recommended to prepare extra solution to avoid the situation that the total amount is insufficient due to the error of the pipette or the liquid attaching to the tips.

## Step 6



Add 80  $\mu$ l DNase I working solution to the center of Spin Column CR3, and place at room temperature for 15 min.



## Step 7



Add 350  $\mu$ l Buffer RW1 in Spin Column CR3. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim$ 13,400 g) for 30-60 sec, discard the waste liquid, and put the Spin Column CR3 back into the collection tube.

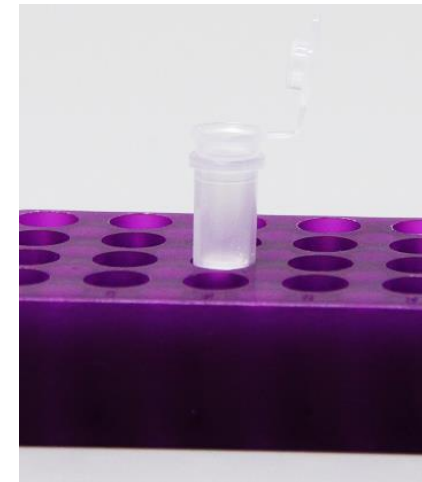
## Step 8



Add 500  $\mu$ l Buffer RW to the Spin Column CR3 (**make sure 96-100% ethanol has been added before use**), place at room temperature for 2 min, and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim 13,400\times g$ ) for 30-60 sec. Pour out the waste liquid and put the Spin Column CR3 back into the collection tube.

**Step 9 Repeat step 8.**

## Step 10



Place the Spin Column CR3 in a new 2 ml collection tube. Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim 13,400\times g$ ) for 2 min to remove the residual liquid.

Place the Spin Column CR3 at room temperature for a moment, or place on the clean bench to ventilate for a moment to fully dry the membrane.

**Note: Ethanol residues in Buffer RW can inhibit subsequent enzymatic reactions (RT, qPCR, etc.) experiments. However, avoid over-drying, or it will lead to RNA degradation or hard dissolution.**

## Step 11



Transfer the Spin Column CR3 into the centrifuge tube provided by the kit, add 30–100  $\mu\text{l}$  RNase-Free  $\text{ddH}_2\text{O}$ , place at room temperature for 2 minutes and centrifuge at 12,000 rpm ( $\sim 13,400\times g$ ) for 2 min.

The volume of elution buffer should not be less than 30  $\mu\text{l}$  since too small volume affects the recovery efficiency. RNA should be kept at  $-70^\circ\text{C}$  to prevent degradation.